

# STAT 406-01: Mathematical Statistics II

## Problem Set 5

Assigned 2016 March 3

Due 2016 March 10

**Show your work on all problems!** Be sure to give credit to any collaborators, or outside sources used in solving the problems. Note that if using an outside source to do a calculation, you should use it as a reference for the method, and actually carry out the calculation yourself; it's not sufficient to quote the results of a calculation contained in an outside source.

### 1 Hogg 6.3.5

### 2 Hogg 6.3.6

[I will assume that “computational facilities are available”—JTW]

### 3 Hogg 6.3.10

### 4 Hogg 6.3.15

Extra Credit: Construct the Bayes factor  $\mathcal{B}_{01}$ , assuming that  $H_1$  assigns a uniform prior to  $\theta$ . Construct a test which rejects  $H_0$  if  $P(H_0|\mathbf{X}) < \alpha$ , assuming prior probabilities of  $P(H_0) = P(H_1) = \frac{1}{2}$ .

### 5 Hogg 6.4.1

### 6 Hogg 6.4.3

### 7 Jeffreys Prior: Multiparameter Case

Consider a probability distribution  $f_{X|\Theta}(x|\theta_1, \dots, \theta_p)$  characterized by  $p$  parameters, which has Fisher information matrix  $\mathbf{I}$  with elements

$$I_{\alpha\beta}(\boldsymbol{\theta}) = E \left( \left[ \frac{\partial \ln f_{X|\Theta}(X|\boldsymbol{\theta})}{\partial \theta_\alpha} \right] \left[ \frac{\partial \ln f_{X|\Theta}(X|\boldsymbol{\theta})}{\partial \theta_\beta} \right] \right) \quad (7.1)$$

(a) Let  $\boldsymbol{\lambda} = \boldsymbol{\lambda}(\boldsymbol{\theta})$  be an invertible transformation from the  $p$  parameters  $\{\theta_\alpha\}$  to a different set of  $p$  parameters  $\{\lambda_\gamma\}$ , which has a Jacobian matrix  $\mathbf{J}$  with elements

$$J_{\alpha\gamma} = \frac{\partial \theta_\alpha}{\partial \lambda_\gamma} \quad (7.2)$$

Show that the Fisher information matrix for the new parameters is given by  $\mathbf{I}(\boldsymbol{\lambda}) = \mathbf{J}^T \mathbf{I}(\boldsymbol{\theta}) \mathbf{J}$ , i.e., it has elements

$$I_{\gamma\delta}(\boldsymbol{\lambda}) = \sum_{\alpha=1}^p \sum_{\beta=1}^p J_{\alpha\gamma} I_{\alpha\beta} J_{\beta\delta} \quad (7.3)$$

(b) Consider the Jeffreys prior on  $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ , defined by  $f_{\Theta}(\boldsymbol{\theta}) \propto \sqrt{\det \mathbf{I}(\boldsymbol{\theta})}$ . Show that under a change of variables in the pdf, this prior becomes  $f_{\Lambda}(\boldsymbol{\lambda}) \propto \sqrt{\det \mathbf{I}(\boldsymbol{\lambda})}$